

交通大學 應數系 統計學 習題四

日期:2013.12.05 時間:6:30 教室:SA214

一. 回答時盡可能詳細、清楚，若有使用到的定理，可直接引述該定理名稱。

二. 主題以外的內容當作已知，不必多做繁瑣的證明。

1. We define the covariance of X and Y and denoted by $\text{Cov}(X,Y)=E[(X-E(X))(Y-E(Y))]$.
Show that $\text{Var}(X+Y)=\text{Var}(X)+2\text{Cov}(X,Y)+\text{Var}(Y)$.

2. If Z_1, \dots, Z_p are independent and $\delta \geq 0$ with $Z_1 \sim N(\delta, 1)$ and $Z_j \sim N(0, 1), j=2 \dots p$, then $W=Z_1^2+\dots+Z_p^2$ has the non-central chi-square distribution with non-centrality parameter δ^2 and p degrees of freedom.
Find the mean and variance of the non-central chi-square distribution on p degrees of freedom with non-centrality parameter δ^2 .

3. One observation, X , is taken from a $N(0, \sigma^2)$ population. Find an unbiased estimator of σ^2 .

4. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be r.v.'s with p.d.f. $f_n(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{1}{2^n}, & x=0 \\ \frac{1}{2^n} & , x=1, \text{ show that } X_n \xrightarrow{p} 0. \\ 0 & , o.w \end{cases}$

5. Let Y_1, \dots, Y_n be i.i.d. random variables, with pdf $f(y) = \begin{cases} 3y^2, & 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$

Show that \bar{Y} converges in probability to some constant, and find the constant.

6. If Y_1, \dots, Y_n is a random sample of size n from a normal population with mean μ and variance σ^2 . Assuming $n=2k$ for some integer k , one possible estimator for σ^2 is given

$$\text{by: } \hat{\sigma}^2 = \frac{1}{2k} \sum_{i=1}^k (Y_{2i} - Y_{2i-1})^2.$$

a. Show that $\hat{\sigma}^2$ an unbiased estimator for σ^2 .

b. Show that $\hat{\sigma}^2$ is a consistent estimator for σ^2 .

7. If $U_n \xrightarrow{p} u$ and $g(x)$ is continuous at $x = u$, show that $g(U_n) \xrightarrow{p} g(u)$.

8. Let Y_1, \dots, Y_n be i.i.d. random variables, with pdf $f(y) = \begin{cases} (\theta+1)y^\theta, & 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$.

Is $\frac{2\bar{Y}-1}{1-\bar{Y}}$ consistent for θ ?